

### Patient Summary

Comprehensive EHR documentation of patient medical histories can help support efforts to avoid failed prior authorization (PA) requests. Once a prescriber has determined the appropriate patient for PRALUENT, EHR medical history reports can help support a prior authorization request. Knowledge of payer utilization management criteria and patient medical history reports can help to reduce submission of patients who are not PA criteria eligible.

Allscripts Touchworks supports the ability to print a patient summary, which may assist in the completion of payer PA forms. Available clinical data that can be listed on the summary include diagnosis, current and prior medications, lab values, and other clinical or patient demographic information. For PRALUENT, PA criteria may require a diagnosis of clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD), maximally tolerated statin therapy (eg, atorvastatin 40 mg/day), and LDL-C  $\geq 70$  mg/dL or  $\geq 100$  mg/dL, depending on insurance.

### INDICATIONS AND USAGE

- PRALUENT is a PCSK9 (Proprotein Convertase Subtilisin/Kexin Type 9) inhibitor antibody indicated as adjunct to diet and maximally tolerated statin therapy for the treatment of adults with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia or clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, who require additional lowering of LDL-C
- The effect of PRALUENT on cardiovascular morbidity and mortality has not been determined

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- PRALUENT is contraindicated in patients with a history of a serious hypersensitivity reaction to PRALUENT. Reactions have included hypersensitivity vasculitis and hypersensitivity reactions requiring hospitalization

Please see accompanying full [Prescribing Information](#)



### To Create a Patient Summary:

After a patient has been identified by a prescriber as appropriate for treatment with PRALUENT, a Patient Summary may be printed to support PA requirements. The following steps illustrate how to create a Patient Clinical Summary containing clinical and patient demographic information necessary to complete a prior authorization form.

1. From the patient's charts, review the **Encounter Summary** to ensure that it is complete
2. Select the **Provide Clinical Summary** checkbox in the **Provide Patient Content** window
3. Click **Print Pt. Ed.** to print the clinical summary

The Clinical Summary is printed.

**Patient Education Content**

Care Guide Patient Instructions  Ad hoc Patient Instructions

Care Guide Patient Monographs  Medication Profile

Print Monographs in Spanish  Provide Clinical Summary

Print

**Clinical Summary**

**Patient Details for:**

<i>Preferred Name</i> Larry Smith	<i>Sex</i>	<i>MRN</i>
<i>Address</i>	<i>Born</i>	

**Today's Appointment**

<i>Provider</i>	19 Dec 2017 08:20 AM <i>Appointment</i>
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**Past Surgical History**

Percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty 2 years ago (left anterior descending artery)  
History of Foot Surgery Left

Current smoker (33 pack years)

**Medications**

**Current Medications:**

Medication	Instructions
Praluent 75 mg/mL	
Lipitor 40 mg oral tablet	

**Allergies and Adverse Reactions**

• Penicillins; Category: Allergy

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- Hypersensitivity reactions (e.g., pruritus, rash, urticaria), including some serious events (e.g., hypersensitivity vasculitis and hypersensitivity reactions requiring hospitalization), have been reported with PRALUENT treatment. If signs or symptoms of serious allergic reactions occur, discontinue treatment with PRALUENT, treat according to the standard of care, and monitor until signs and symptoms resolve

Please see accompanying full [Prescribing Information](#)

**Praluent**<sup>®</sup>  
(alirocumab) Injection 75mg/mL  
150mg/mL  
Redefining Possible

The sections to be included in the Clinical Summary are selected in the CCDA Template Admin utility.

**Print Templates** | **Printing Tasks** | **CCDA Template Admin**

Template Name	Temp
Allscripts Clinical Summary-RTF	Visit S
Allscripts Clinical Summary-CCDS	Visit S
Allscripts Clinical Summary of Care	Summ
Allscripts CCD	CCD
Allscripts Clinical Summary-RTF	Visit S
Allscripts Clinical Summary-RTF	Visit S
Allscripts Clinical Summary-RTF	Visit S
Allscripts Clinical Summary-CCDS	Visit S
Allscripts Clinical Summary-CCDS	Visit S
Care Package Summary of Care	Summ

**Edit Template Dialog**

Template Name:       Template Name: Visit Summary-RTF      Status: Inactive

Assigned Sites: Enterprise

Assigned Specialties:

Allow User to Override

Patient Details

Reason for Visit

Chief Complaint

Problems

Past medical History

Surgical History

Family History

Social History

Functional & Cognitive Status

Advance Directives

Medications

Allergies

Immunization History

Vital Signs

Results

Assessments

Treatment Plans

Interventions

Encounter

Patient Care Team

Document & Provider Details

**Patient Info**

Name       Date of Birth       Gender       Insurer      MRN

Address       Cell Phone       Preferred Language       Employer

Work Phone       Race       Occupation

Home Phone       Ethnicity     

Email       Marital Status

**Guardian**

Guardian Name 1       Address       Cell Phone       Home Phone       Work Phone

Email

Guardian Name 2       Address       Cell Phone       Home Phone       Work Phone

Email

**Emergency Contact**

Contact Name 1       Address       Cell Phone       Home Phone       Work Phone

Email

Contact Name 2       Address       Cell Phone       Home Phone       Work Phone

Email

  
   
   

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- The most commonly occurring adverse reactions ( $\geq 5\%$  of patients treated with PRALUENT and occurring more frequently than with placebo) are nasopharyngitis, injection site reactions, and influenza

Please see accompanying full [Prescribing Information](#)



### INDICATIONS AND USAGE

- PRALUENT® (alirocumab) is a PCSK9 (Proprotein Convertase Subtilisin/Kexin Type 9) inhibitor antibody indicated as adjunct to diet and maximally tolerated statin therapy for the treatment of adults with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia or clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease, who require additional lowering of LDL-C
- The effect of PRALUENT on cardiovascular morbidity and mortality has not been determined

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- PRALUENT is contraindicated in patients with a history of a serious hypersensitivity reaction to PRALUENT. Reactions have included hypersensitivity vasculitis and hypersensitivity reactions requiring hospitalization
- Hypersensitivity reactions (e.g., pruritus, rash, urticaria), including some serious events (e.g., hypersensitivity vasculitis and hypersensitivity reactions requiring hospitalization), have been reported with PRALUENT treatment. If signs or symptoms of serious allergic reactions occur, discontinue treatment with PRALUENT, treat according to the standard of care, and monitor until signs and symptoms resolve
- The most commonly occurring adverse reactions ( $\geq 5\%$  of patients treated with PRALUENT and occurring more frequently than with placebo) are nasopharyngitis, injection site reactions, and influenza
- Local injection site reactions including erythema/redness, itching, swelling, and pain/tenderness were reported more frequently in patients treated with PRALUENT 75 mg and/or 150 mg every 2 weeks (7.2% versus 5.1% for PRALUENT and placebo, respectively). Few patients discontinued treatment because of these reactions (0.2% versus 0.4% for PRALUENT and placebo, respectively), but patients receiving PRALUENT had a greater number of injection site reactions, had more reports of associated symptoms, and had reactions of longer average duration than patients receiving placebo
- The once-monthly (Q4W) 300 mg dosing regimen had a higher rate of local injection site reactions as compared to PRALUENT 75 mg Q2W or placebo (16.6%, 9.6%, and 7.9%, respectively) in a trial in which all patients received an injection of drug or placebo every 2 weeks to maintain the blind. The discontinuation rate due to injection site reactions was 0.7% in the 300 mg Q4W arm and 0% in the other 2 arms
- Neurocognitive events were reported in 0.8% of patients treated with PRALUENT and 0.7% of patients treated with placebo. Confusion or memory impairment were reported more frequently by those treated with PRALUENT (0.2% for each) than in those treated with placebo ( $<0.1\%$  for each)
- Liver-related disorders (primarily related to abnormalities in liver enzymes) were reported in 2.5% of patients treated with PRALUENT and 1.8% of patients treated with placebo, leading to treatment discontinuation in 0.4% and 0.2% of patients, respectively. Increases in serum transaminases to greater than 3 times the upper limit of normal occurred in 1.7% of patients treated with PRALUENT and 1.4% of patients treated with placebo
- The most common adverse reactions leading to treatment discontinuation in patients treated with PRALUENT were allergic reactions (0.6% versus 0.2% for PRALUENT and placebo, respectively) and elevated liver enzymes (0.3% versus  $<0.1\%$ )
- PRALUENT is a human monoclonal antibody. As with all therapeutic proteins, there is a potential for immunogenicity with PRALUENT

Please see accompanying full [Prescribing Information](#)



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