

Patient Summary Report

Comprehensive EHR documentation of patient medical histories can help support efforts to avoid failed prior authorization (PA) requests. Once a prescriber has determined the appropriate patient for PRALUENT, EHR medical history reports can help support a prior authorization request. Knowledge of payer utilization management criteria and patient medical history reports can help to reduce submission of patients who are not PA criteria eligible.

Greenway PrimeSUITE supports the ability to print a Patient Summary Report, which may assist in the completion of payer PA forms. Available clinical data that can be listed on the Patient Summary Report include diagnosis, current and prior medications, lab values, and other clinical or patient demographic information. For PRALUENT, PA criteria may require a diagnosis of established cardiovascular disease (eg, myocardial infarction, stroke or unstable angina requiring hospitalization) with or without concomitant use of maximally tolerated statin therapy (eg, atorvastatin 40 mg/day), and LDL-C ≥ 70 mg/dL or ≥ 100 mg/dL, depending on insurance.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

PRALUENT (alirocumab) is indicated:

- to reduce the risk of myocardial infarction, stroke, and unstable angina requiring hospitalization in adults with established cardiovascular disease
- as an adjunct to diet, alone or in combination with other lipid-lowering therapies (e.g., statins, ezetimibe), for the treatment of adults with primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia) to reduce low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- PRALUENT is contraindicated in patients with a history of a serious hypersensitivity reaction to PRALUENT, including hypersensitivity vasculitis and hypersensitivity reactions requiring hospitalization

Please see accompanying full [Prescribing Information](#)



To Create a Patient Summary Report:

After a patient has been identified by a prescriber as appropriate for treatment with PRALUENT, a Patient Summary Report may be printed to support PA requirements. To create a Patient Summary Report in Greenway PrimeSUITE, print the summary report of the patient's Facesheet in Patient Charts.

The sections of the summary to be printed are selected in the Summary Order navigation bar.

The screenshot displays the Greenway PrimeSUITE interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with tabs for A/R Management, Chart, Registration, Reporting, Schedule, System, and Help. Below this, the 'Patient Charts' section is active, with sub-tabs for Facesheet, Summary, Documents, and Results. The 'Summary Report' is displayed, showing patient demographics, past medical history, and medication list. The 'Summary Order' navigation bar on the left is expanded, showing a list of sections to be printed, including Demographics, Reproductive History, Past Medical History, Medication List, Allergy List, Genetic Screening, Family Medical History, Past Surgical History, Social History, Problem List, Immunizations, Vital Signs, Orders Tracking History, Task List, Clinical Alerts, Allergy Shot Record, and Genetic Scan.

Patient Charts

Summary Report

Demographics

Name: Larry Smith	Age:
Patient ID:	Address:
DOB: 4/21/55	DOB:
SSN:	Phone #:
Gender: Male	Ethnicity:
Race:	Preferred Care Provider:
Primary Care Provider:	
Referring Care Provider:	

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY

Disease Name	Date Onset	Notes
cardiovascular disease		
hypercholesterolemia		

MEDICATION LIST

Name	Date Started	Instructions
Praluent 75 mg/mL injection		
Lipitor 40 mg oral tablet		

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

- Hypersensitivity reactions (e.g., pruritus, rash, urticaria), including some serious events (e.g., hypersensitivity vasculitis and hypersensitivity reactions requiring hospitalization), have been reported with PRALUENT treatment. If signs or symptoms of serious allergic reactions occur, discontinue treatment with PRALUENT, treat according to the standard of care, and monitor until signs and symptoms resolve

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- The most commonly occurring adverse reactions in clinical trials in primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH)) ($\geq 5\%$ of patients treated with PRALUENT and occurring more frequently than with placebo) are nasopharyngitis, injection site reactions, and influenza
- The most commonly occurring adverse reactions in the cardiovascular outcomes trial ($> 5\%$ of patients treated with PRALUENT and occurring more frequently than placebo) were non-cardiac chest pain, nasopharyngitis, and myalgia
- In the primary hyperlipidemia (including HeFH) clinical trials, local injection site reactions including erythema/redness, itching, swelling, and pain/tenderness were reported more frequently in patients treated with PRALUENT 75 mg and/or 150 mg every 2 weeks (7.2% versus 5.1% for PRALUENT and placebo, respectively). Few patients discontinued treatment because of these reactions (0.2% versus 0.4% for PRALUENT and placebo, respectively), but patients receiving PRALUENT had a greater number of injection site reactions, had more reports of associated symptoms, and had reactions of longer average duration than patients receiving placebo
- The once-monthly (Q4W) 300mg dosing regimen had a higher rate of local injection site reactions as compared to PRALUENT 75mg Q2W or placebo (16.6%, 9.6%, and 7.9%, respectively) in a trial in which all patients received an injection of drug or placebo every 2 weeks to maintain the blind. The discontinuation rate due to injection site reactions was 0.7% in the 300 mg Q4W arm and 0% in the other 2 arms

Please see accompanying full [Prescribing Information](#)



Praluent[®]
(alirocumab) Injection 75mg/mL
150mg/mL
Redefining Possible

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (*cont.*)

- In a cardiovascular outcomes trial, local injection site reactions were reported in 3.8% of patients treated with PRALUENT versus 2.1% patients treated with placebo, and led to permanent discontinuation in 0.3% of patients versus <0.1% of patients, respectively
- In the primary hyperlipidemia trials, liver-related disorders (primarily related to abnormalities in liver enzymes) were reported in 2.5% of patients treated with PRALUENT and 1.8% of patients treated with placebo, leading to treatment discontinuation in 0.4% and 0.2% of patients, respectively. Increases in serum transaminases to greater than 3 times the upper limit of normal occurred in 1.7% of patients treated with PRALUENT and 1.4% of patients treated with placebo
- In the primary hyperlipidemia trials, the most common adverse reactions leading to treatment discontinuation in patients treated with PRALUENT were allergic reactions (0.6% versus 0.2% for PRALUENT and placebo, respectively) and elevated liver enzymes (0.3% versus <0.1%)
- PRALUENT is a human monoclonal antibody. As with all therapeutic proteins, there is a potential for immunogenicity with PRALUENT

Please see accompanying full [Prescribing Information](#)



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